

CL-1 - Chloride Reagent 1

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code

Chloride Reagent 1 Product name

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Determination of Chloride in Water Samples.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Milwaukee Electronics Kft. Name

Full address Alsókikötő sor 11. District and Country H6726 Szeged

Hungary

Tel. +36-62-428-050 +36-62-428-051

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

info@milwaukeeinst.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Austria tel.: +431 406 43 43 - Belgium tel.: 070/245.245 - Bulgaria tel.: +359 2

> 9154409 - Czech Republic tel.: +420 224 919 293, +420 224 915 402 - Denmark tel.: 8212 12 12 - Estonia tel.: 112 - Finland tel.: (09) 471 977 (direct) or (09) 4711 (exchange) - France tel. ORFILA (INRS) : + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59 - Ireland tel.: 01 8092166 - Lithuania tel.: +370 5 236 20 52, +370 687 53378 - Malta tel: 2545 0000, Medicines & Poisons Info Office tel.: 2545 6504 - Norway tel.: 22 59 13 00 -Portugal tel.: 808 250 143 - Romania tel. 021.318.36.06 (8:00 – 15:00) - Slovakia tel.:

+421 2 5477 4166 - Spain tel.: + 34 91 562 04 20 - Sweden tel.: 112; 08-331231

(9:00-17:00)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Acute toxicity, category 3 H301 Toxic if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, category 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

category 2 repeated exposure.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410

toxicity, category 1

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements:

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P280

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor, if you feel unwell. P312

ETHANEDIOL Contains:

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

ETHANEDIOL

Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 2 H373 INDEX 603-027-00-1 $50 \le x < 100$

EC 203-473-3 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg

CAS 107-21-1 REACH Reg. 01-2119456816-28

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

INDEX 080-002-00-6 $0.25 \le x < 0.5$ Acute Tox. 1 H300. Acute Tox. 1 H310. Acute Tox. 2 H330. STOT RE 2 H373.

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH032,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 1, A

EC 209-773-0 STOT RE 2 H373: ≥ 0,1%

592-85-8 STA Oral: 0,5 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 5 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: CAS

0,051 mg/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

ETHANEDIOL

Unconsciousness, agitation, Nausea, Vomiting, Tiredness, ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination), CNS disorders.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Mercury compounds have a cytotoxic and protoplasmatoxic effect. Intoxication symptoms: acute: contact with eye causes severe lesions.



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SECTION 4. First aid measures

Swallowing and inhalation of dusts damages mucous membranes of gastrointestinal and respiratory tract (metallic taste, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, bloody diarrhoea, intestinal burns, glottal oedema, aspiration pneumonia); drop in blood pressure, cardiac dysrhythmia, circulatory collapse, and renal failure; chronic: inflammation of the mouth with loss of teeth and mercurial line. The principal signs manifest themselves in the CNS (impaired speech, vision, hearing, and sensitivity, loss of memory, irritability, hallucinations, delirium inter alia).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

ETHANEDIOL

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Combustible. Risk of dust explosion. Fire may cause evolution of: Sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides, mercury vapours, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

6.1C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

AUS	Österreich	Gesamte Rechtsvorschrift für Grenzwerteverordnung 2021 , Fassung vom 17.06.2021
BEL	Belgique	Liste de valeurs limites d'exposition aux agents chimiques, livre VI du code du bien-être au travail
BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ,
		СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17
CHE	Suisse / Schweiz	Януари 2020г.) Valeurs limites d'exposition aux postes de travail: VME/VLE (SUVA). Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz:
		MAK (SUVA)
CYP	Κύπρος	Οι πεπί Αζθάλειαρ και Υγείαρ ζηην Δπγαζία (Φημικοί Παπάγονηερ) (Τποποποιηηικοί) Κανονιζμοί
		ηος 2019. Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Καρκινογόνοι και Μεταλλαξιογόνοι
075	ă l / D l l l l	Παράγοντες) (Τροποποιητικοί) Κανονισμοί του 2020
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb.,
DELL	Davitaabland	kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und
		Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
EST	Eesti	Ohtlike kemikaalide ja neid sisaldavate materjalide kasutamise töötervishoiu ja tööohutuse
201	Loou	nõuded ning töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid [RT I, 17.10.2019, 1 - jõust.
		17.01.2020]
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH
		HÄLSOVÅRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των
		οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας
		2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με
		την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki
115) (tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama
ITA	Italia	na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
IRL	Éire	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 2020 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations
IKL	Elle	(2001-2015) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations (2001-2019)
LTU	Lietuva	Jsakymas dėl lietuvos higienos normos hn 23:2011 "cheminių medžiagų profesinio poveikio
210	Liciava	ribiniai dydžiai. Matavimo ir poveikio vertinimo bendrieji reikalavimai" patvirtinimo
LVA	Latvija	Grozījumi Ministru kabineta 2007. gada 15. maija noteikumos Nr. 325 "Darba aizsardzības
		prasības saskarē ar ķīmiskajām vielām darba vietās" (prot. Nr. 32 18. §; prot. Nr. 1 22. §)
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i
	•	arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og
		grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3,
		eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych

dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy

ROU România Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru

modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006

SWE Sverige Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska

gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)

SVK Slovensko NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa

nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení

neskorších predpisov

TUR Türkiye Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik

12.08.2013 / 28733

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2021

ETHANEDIOL

				EIH	ANEDIOL				
Threshold Limit Va									
Туре	Country			STEL/15min		Remarks / O	bservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK	AUS	26	10	52	20	SKIN			
TLV	BGR	52		104		SKIN			
MAK	CHE	26	10	52	20	SKIN			
TLV	CYP	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
TLV	CZE	50		100		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	26	10	52	20	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	26	10	52	20	SKIN			
TLV	DNK	26	10			SKIN			
VLA	ESP	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
TLV	EST	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
HTP	FIN	50	20	100	40	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	125	50	125	50				
AK	HUN	52		104					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
OELV	IRL	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
RD	LTU	25	10	50	20	SKIN			
RV	LVA	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
TLV	NOR	<u> </u>	25			SKIN			
TGG	NLD	52		104		SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	15		20		Ortint			
TLV	ROU	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
NGV/KGV	SWE	25	10	50	20	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	52	20	104	20	SKIN			
ESD	TUR	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	52	20	104	40	SIXIIN			
OEL	EU	52	20	104	40	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH	EU	52	20		40	SKIIN			
redicted no-effect		in DNEC		100 (C)					
							10	/l	
Normal value in fresh water							10	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water							1	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment							37	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for marine water sediment Normal value for water, intermittent release							3,7	mg/kg/d	
			ase				10	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms							199	mg/l	
Normal value fo							1,53	mg/kg/d	
lealth - Derived no									
Effects on consumers					Effects on wor				
Route of expos		ute Ac		Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loc	al sys	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation				7	VND			35	VND
				mg/m3				mg/m3	
Skin				VND	53			VND	106
					mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
									bw/d

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Threshold Limit Va	llue			,	,		
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / C	Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	AUS	0,02		0,08			Hg compound
VLEP	BEL	0,02					Hg compound
MAK	CHE	0,02		0,16		INHAL	
AGW	DEU	0,02		0,16		INHAL	
TLV	DNK	0,025		0,05			Hg compound
VLA	ESP	0,02					Hg compound
VLEP	FRA	0,02					Hg compound
AK	HUN	0,08		0,32			Hg compound
OELV	IRL	0,02					Hg compound
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,02					Hg compound
TLV	ROU	0,02					Hg compound
NGV/KGV	SWE	0,03					Hg compound
WEL	GBR	0,025					Hg compound
OEL	EU	0,02					Hg compound
TLV-ACGIH		0,025					

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL									
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Inhalation							0,02	VND	
							mg/m3 8h		

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified; LOW = low hazard; MED = medium hazard; HIGH = high hazard.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norm ISO 17733 - Biological Values, ACGIH: 20 μg mercury/g creatinine in urine, GBR: 20 μmol mercury/mol creatinine in urine (Random), DEU: 25 μg Quecksilber/g Kreatinin Urin (keine Beschränkung), ESP: 30 μg Mercurio inorgánico total/g creatinina en orina (Antes de la jornadalaboral), ROU: 35 μg mercur/g creatină in urină (începutul schimbului următor).

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

If the product may or must come into contact or react with acids, suitable technical and/or organisational measures should be taken to prevent the development of toxic and/or inflammable gases.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Appearance liquid Colour colourless Odour odourless Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point not available not available Flammability Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Flash point not applicable not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature not available

3.5

Kinematic viscosity not available Solubility soluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available Density and/or relative density 1.11 Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 100,00 % Explosive properties not applicable Oxidising properties not applicable

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHANEDIOL

Can absorb atmospheric humidity up to twice its own weight. Decomposes at temperatures over 200°C/392°F.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Risk of dust explosion. Burns with a strong increase in volume. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Sensitivity to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

ETHANEDIOL

Risk of explosion on contact with: perchloric acid. Can react dangerously with: chlorosulphuric acid, sodium hydroxide, sulphuric acid,

ΕN

Information

Method:ASTM D1293-18 Temperature: 25 °C



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

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phosphorus pentasulphide, chromium (III) oxide, chromyl chloride, potassium perchlorate, potassium dichromate, sodium peroxide, aluminium. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

A risk of explosion and/or of toxic gas formation exists with the following substances: acids. Violent reactions possible with: Oxidizing agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

ETHANEDIOL

Avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Strong heating.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

ETHANEDIOL

Hydroxyacetaldehyde, glyoxal, acetaldehyde, methane, carbon monoxide, hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ETHANEDIOL

Following ingestion it initially stimulates the CNS; later on depression results. Renal damage with anuria and uremia may occur. Symptoms of over exposure are: vomiting, somnolence, difficulty in breathing, convulsions. The lethal dose in man is approximately 1,4 l/kg. The way of entry is inhalation and ingestion.

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Acute inhalation toxicity, absorption, Symptoms: Lung oedema, The substance has delayed effects - Acute dermal toxicity, LD50 rat: 625 mg/kg (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI), absorption - Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: 83,33 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: 1000,00 mg/kg

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

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ETHANEDIOL LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

STA (Oral):

9530 mg/kg Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Rat

500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

STA (Dermal): 5 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 46 mg/kg Rat

STA (Oral): 0,5 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment

12.1. Toxicity

ETHANEDIOL

EC50 - for Crustacea > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

LC50 - for Fish 0,15 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea 0,0052 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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SECTION 12. Ecological information

ETHANEDIOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Solubility in water 700 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ETHANEDIOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,36

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,57 Log Kow

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3287

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Mercury II Thiocyanate solution) IMDG: TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Mercury II Thiocyanate solution) IATA: TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Mercury II Thiocyanate solution)

EPY 11.3.0 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 14. Transport information

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 6.1 Label: 6.1

IMDG: Class: 6.1 Label: 6.1

IATA: Class: 6.1 Label: 6.1

6

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

(*)

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 60 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special provision: IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-A Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 663
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 655

Special provision: A3, A4, A137

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: E

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3
Contained substance

Point 18 MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

MERCURY (II) THIOCYANATE - (MERCURY COMPOUNDS)

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 3: Severe hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 1 Acute toxicity, category 1
Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

H300 Fatal if swallowed.
H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation



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SECTION 16. Other information

- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12.